

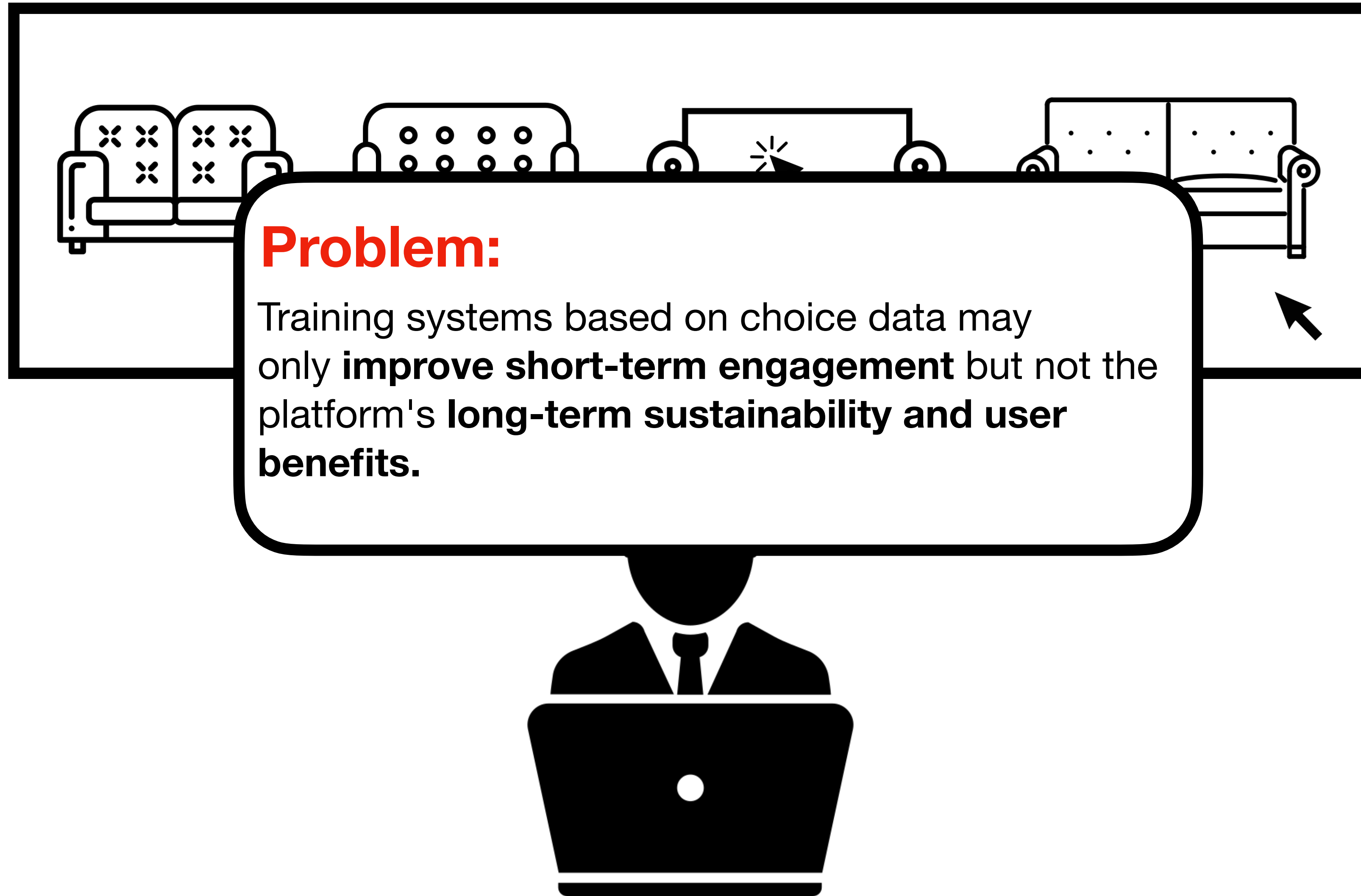
Ranking with Long-Term Constraints

Joint work with:

Zhichong Fang, Sarah Dean, and Thorsten Joachims

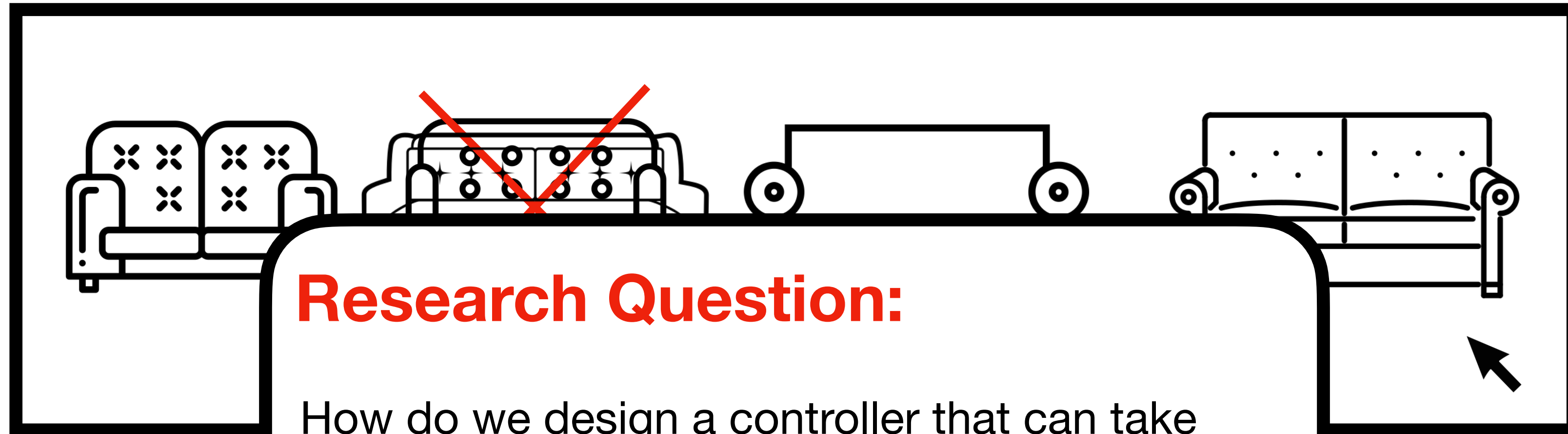
Recommendation Platform

problem



Recommendation Platform

macro-level and micro-level



Research Question:

How do we design a controller that can take complex macro-level goals and convert them into rankings with the least impact on micro-level goals?

Micro-level Controls of Platform

Metrics: engagement through clicks, purchases, etc.
Interventions: ranking, push-notifications, etc.

Micro-level Controls of Platform

Metrics: user satisfaction, supplier pool size, etc.
Interventions: exposure location, novelty, etc.

Controller



Macro/Micro Control Problem

objective overview

Micro-level Controls of Platform

$$\sum_{t=1}^T u(a_t | x_t) \quad (1)$$

Context - x_t

Ranking - a_t

Utility - $u(a_t | x_t)$

Exposure - $c(a_t | x_t)$

Target - τ

Macro-level Controls of Platform

$$\sum_{t=1}^T c(a_t | x_t) \geq \tau \quad (2)$$

maximize (1) s.t. (2)

Overall Objective

$$\sum_{t=1}^T u(a_t | x_t) - \phi^T \left(\tau - \sum_{t=1}^T c(a_t | x_t) \right)_+$$

Hinge loss - $(\)_+$
Violation Cost - ϕ^T

Macro/Micro Control Problem

objective overview

Micro-level controls of Platform

$$\sum_{t=1}^T u(a_t | x_t) \quad (1)$$

Context - x_t

Ranking - a_t

Utility - $u(a_t | x_t)$

Macro-level controls of Platform

$$\sum_{t=1}^T c(a_t | x_t) \geq \tau \quad (2)$$

Problem:

The overall objective can only be computed after the final time step T and we can not make intermediate decisions.

$$\sum_{t=1}^T u(a_t | x_t) - \phi^T \left(\tau - \sum_{t=1}^T c(a_t | x_T) \right)_+$$

Violation Cost - ϕ^T

Macro/Micro Control Problem

objective overview

Micro-level controls of Platform

$$\sum_{t=1}^T u(a_t | x_t) \quad (1)$$

Context - x_t

Ranking - a_t

Utility - $u(a_t | x_t)$

Exposure - $c(a_t | x_t)$

Target - τ

Macro-level controls of Platform

$$\sum_{t=1}^T c(a_t | x_t) \geq \tau \quad (2)$$

maximize (1) s.t. (2)

Overall Objective

$$\sum_{t=1}^T u(a_t | x_t) - \phi^T \left(\tau - \sum_{t=1}^T c(a_t | x_t) \right)_+$$

Violation Cost - ϕ^T

Macro/Micro Control Problem

objective overview

Observe:

At time t we only know the contexts x_1, \dots, x_t , but not the future contexts x_{t+1}, \dots, x_T .

This means we make decisions under **partial information** because we cannot evaluate our constraint.

Research Question:

How do we design controllers for ranking to optimize our macro and micro level goals **under partial information**?

maximize (1) s.t. (2)

Overall Objective

$$\sum_{t=1}^T u(a_t | x_t) - \phi^T \left(\tau - \sum_{t=1}^T c(a_t | x_T) \right)_+$$

Violation Cost - ϕ^T

Controllers for Ranking

Myopic Controller (MC)

Define an intermediate objective at each time t

$$\sum_{t=1}^T u(a_t | x_t) - \phi^\top \left(\frac{t}{T} \tau - \sum_{t=1}^T c(a_t | x_t) \right)_+$$

Scale the target linearly

$$\sum_{t'=1}^t u(a_{t'} | x_{t'}) - \phi^\top \left(\frac{t}{T} \tau - \sum_{t'=1}^t c(a_{t'} | x_{t'}) \right)_+$$

Create intermediate objectives that do not depend on future

$$\operatorname{argmax}_a u(a | x_t) - \phi^\top \left(\frac{t}{T} \tau - s_{t-1} - c(a | x_t) \right)_+$$

Remove terms that do not affect argmax

$$s_{t-1} = \sum_{t'=0}^{t-1} c(a_{t'} | x_{t'})$$

s_{t-1} : past exposure

Controllers for Ranking

Problem:

The cost vector ϕ^T still depends on \mathbf{T} because it is the final cost violation not the intermediate cost violation.

This is bad because we **suffer the maximum cost for every intermediate constraint violation.**

Define an intermediate objective at each time t

Scale the target linearly

Create intermediate objectives that do not depend on future

$$\operatorname{argmax}_a u(a | x_t) - \phi^T \left(\frac{t}{T} \tau - s_{t-1} - c(a | x_t) \right)_+$$

Remove terms that do not affect argmax

$$s_{t-1} = \sum_{t'=0}^{t-1} c(a_{t'} | x_{t'})$$

s_{t-1} : past exposure

Controllers for Ranking

Stationary-Controller (SC)

$$\sum_{t=1}^T u(a_t | x_t) - \phi^\top \left(\tau - \sum_{t=1}^T c(a_t | x_t) \right)_+$$
$$\min_{0 \leq \lambda \leq \phi} \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=1}^T u(a_t | x_t) - \lambda^\top \left(\frac{1}{T} \tau - \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=1}^T c(a_t | x_t) \right)$$

Define an intermediate objective at each time t

Define an intermediate cost vector at each time t

ϕ is bounded between 0 and ϕ

intermediate cost vector - λ is bounded between 0 and ϕ

Algorithm:

Step 1 $\operatorname{argmax}_a u(a | x_t) - \lambda_{t-1}^\top \left(\frac{1}{T} \tau - c(a | x_t) \right)$

Remove terms that do not affect argmax

Step 2 $\lambda_t = \Gamma_{[0, \phi]} \left[\lambda_{t-1} + \gamma \left(\frac{1}{T} \tau - c(a | x_t) \right) \right]$

Update our intermediate cost vector

Experimental Results

- KuiaRec Dataset

- Collected from the recommendation logs of the video-sharing mobile app Kuaishou
- Stationary data (**not-time dependent**)

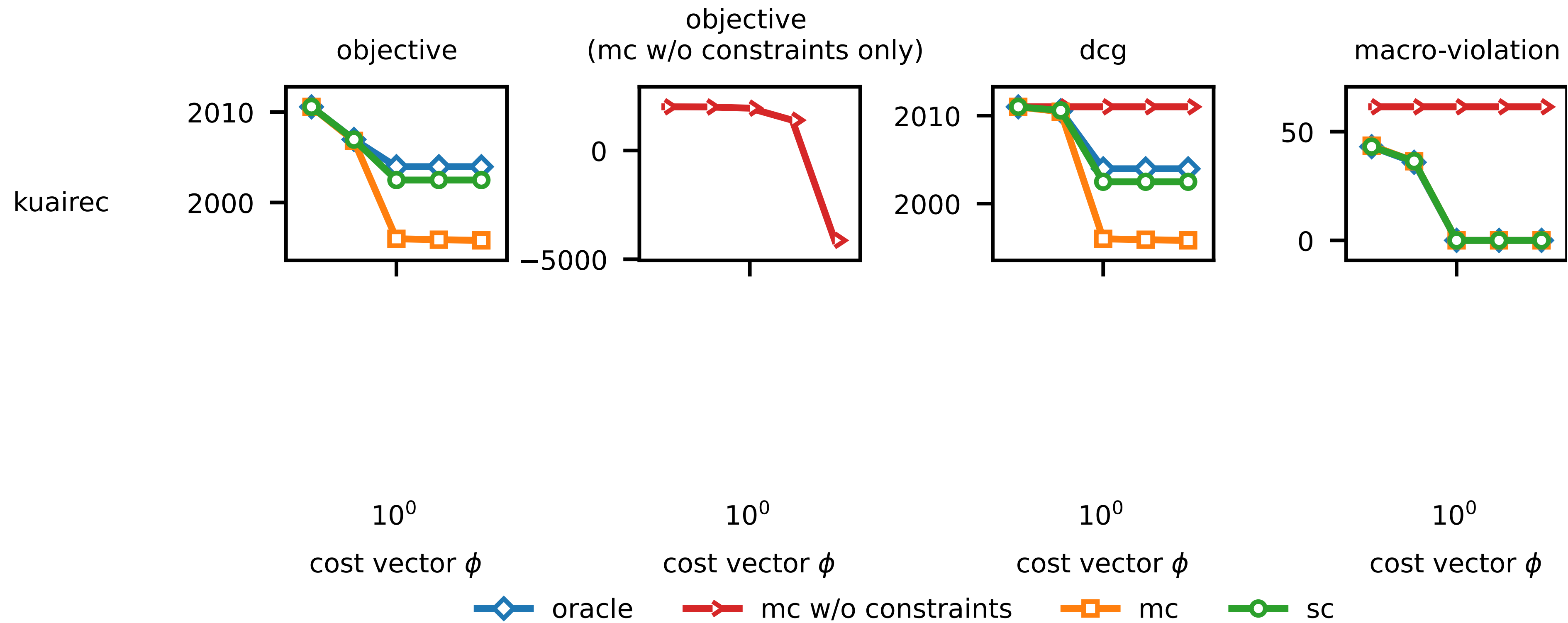
- Tv Audience Dataset

- Television watching behavior of users
- Non-stationary data (**time dependent**)

- Metrics

- Utility - nDCG
- Exposure - Reciprocal Rank

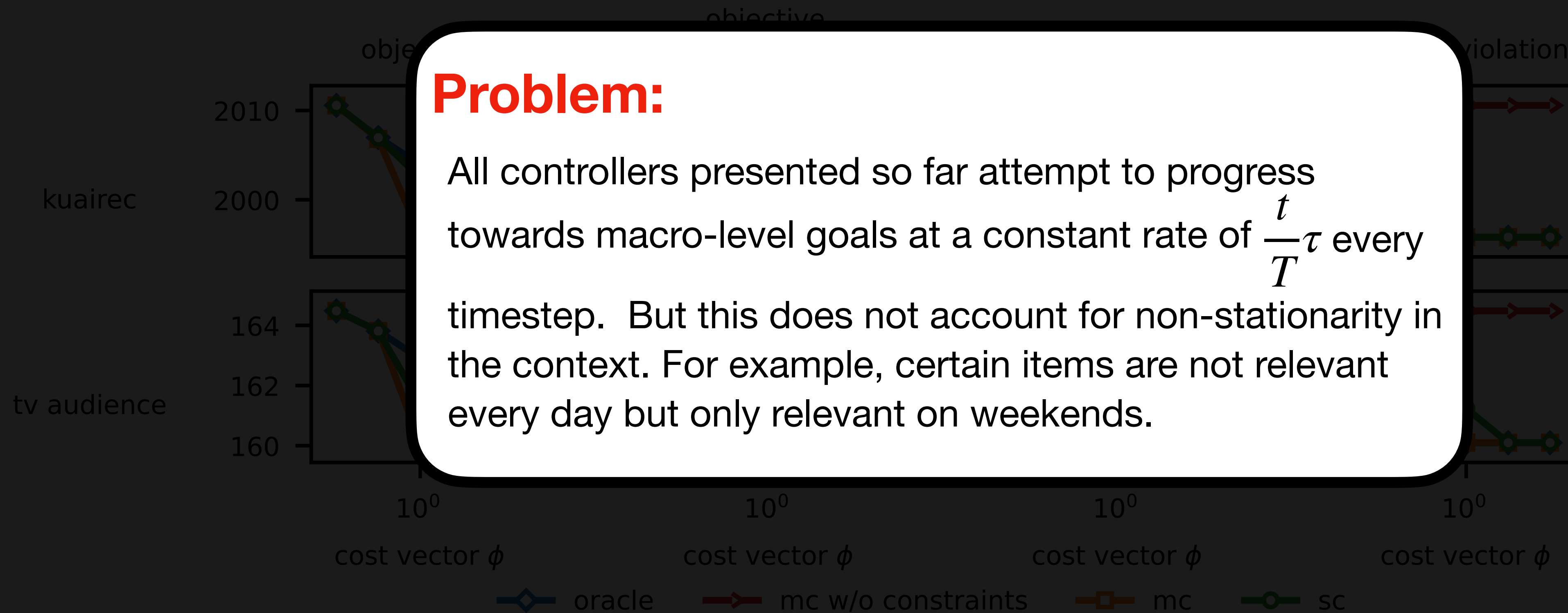
Experimental Results



Experimental Results

Problem:

All controllers presented so far attempt to progress towards macro-level goals at a constant rate of $\frac{t}{T}\tau$ every timestep. But this does not account for non-stationarity in the context. For example, certain items are not relevant every day but only relevant on weekends.



Controllers for Ranking

Define an intermediate objective at each time t

Define an intermediate cost vector at each time t

Model future contexts

Predictive Controller (PC)

$$\sum_{t=1}^T u(a_t | x_t) - \phi^\top \left(\tau - \sum_{t=1}^T c(a_t | x_t) \right)_+$$

$$\min_{0 \leq \lambda \leq \phi} \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=1}^T u(a_t | x_t) - \lambda^\top \left(\tau - \left[s_{t-1} + c(a_t | x_t) + C(A_t | C_t) \right] \right)_+$$

s_{t-1} : past exposure

$c(a_t | x_t)$: current exposure

$C(A_t | C_t)$: future exposure

$$s_{t-1} = \sum_{t'=0}^{t-1} c(a_{t'} | x_{t'})$$

$$C(A_t | C_t) = \sum_{t'=t+1}^T c(a_{t'} | x_{t'})$$

Controllers for Ranking

Define an intermediate objective at each time t

Define an intermediate cost vector at each time t

Model future contexts

Predictive Controller (PC)

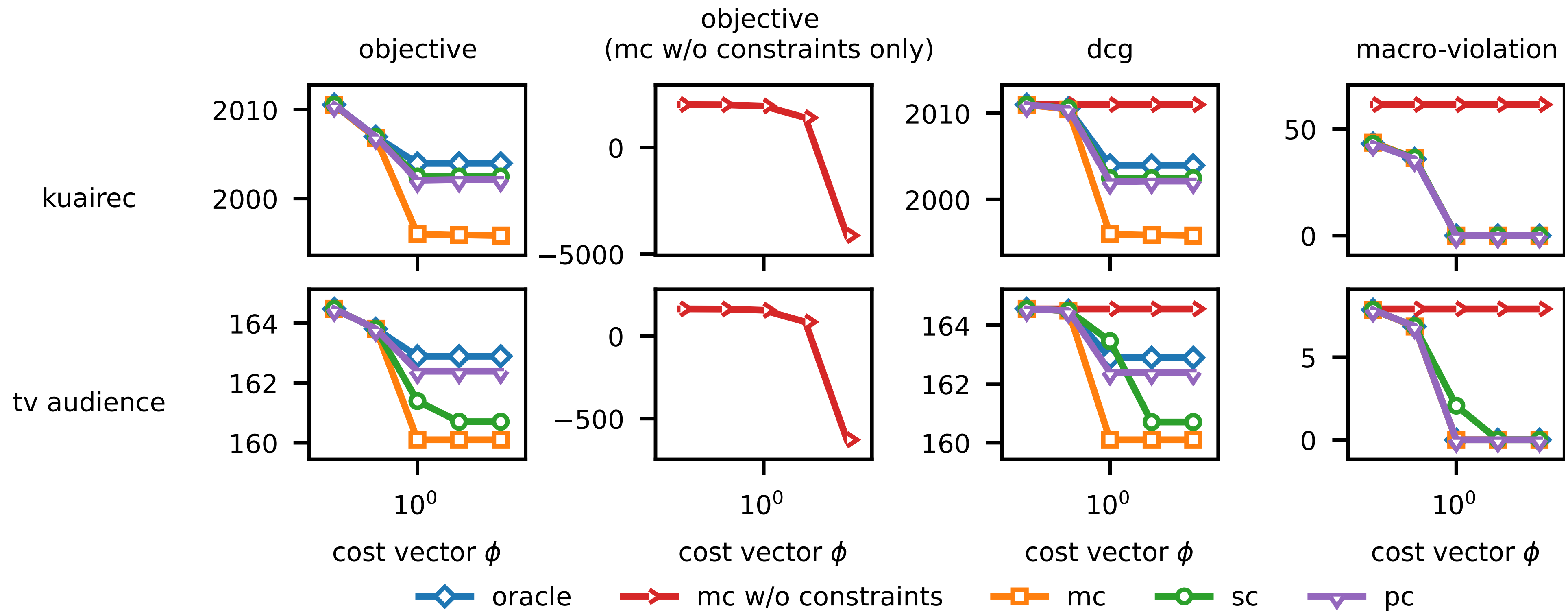
$$\min_{0 \leq \lambda \leq \phi} \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=1}^T u(a_t | x_t) - \lambda^\top \left(\tau - [s_{t-1} + c(a_t | x_t) + C(A_t | C_t)] \right)_+$$

estimate $\hat{C}(A_t | C_t)$ **using offline data**

Algorithm: **Step 1** $\operatorname{argmax}_a u(a | x_t) - \lambda_{t-1}^\top c(a | x_t)$ **Remove terms that do not affect argmax**

Step 2 $\lambda_t = \Gamma_{[0, \phi]} \left[\lambda_{t-1} + \gamma \left(\tau - [s_{t-1} + c(a_t | x_t) + \hat{C}_t(A_t | C_t)] \right) \right]$ **Update our intermediate cost vector**

Experimental Results



Controllers for Ranking

$W \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$	w_{ij}	contribution item j to constraint i
$\Sigma \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$	$\sum_{kj} = 1$	ranking matrix
$e \in \mathbb{R}^n$		linear exposure utility vector
$u \in \mathbb{R}^n$		linear utility vector
$r \in \mathbb{R}^n$		relevance vector

Cost-Aware Predictive-Controller

$$\sum_{t=1}^T r_t^\top \Sigma_t u - \phi^T \left(\tau - \sum_{t=1}^T W \Sigma_t e \right)_+$$

objective: $\min_{0 \leq \lambda \leq \phi} \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=1}^T r_t^\top \Sigma_t u - \lambda^\top \left(\tau - \left[s_{t-1} + W \Sigma_t e + \hat{C}(A_t | C_t) \right] \right)_+$

estimate $\hat{C}(A_t | C_t): \arg \max_{(\Sigma^1, \dots, \Sigma^B) \in \Pi} \left[\dots \right]$ using offline data

iterative objective: Step 1 $\Sigma_t = \arg \max_{\Sigma} r_t^\top \Sigma u - \frac{1}{B} \sum_{b=1}^B (\lambda_{t-1}^b)^\top W \Sigma e$ Break the objective into incremental rankings

Step 2 $\lambda_t^b = \Gamma_{[0, \phi]} \left[\lambda_{t-1}^b + \gamma \left(\tau - [s_{t-1} + c(a_t | x_t) + \hat{C}_t^b] \right) \right], \quad b = 1, \dots, B$

Macro/Micro Control Problem

control-loop

Input: target τ
Input: violation cost ϕ
Input: final time T
Input: controller Π
Initialize : state $s_t = \mathbf{0}$

For $t = 1$ **to** T **do**

$$x_t = (\mathbf{q}_t, r_t) \sim P_t$$

$$a_t = \Pi(x_t, s_{t-1}, t)$$

$$s_t = s_{t-1} + c(a_t | x_t)$$

**Compute
Objective**

$$\sum_{t=1}^T u(a_t | x_t) - \phi^T \left(\tau - \sum_{t=1}^T c(a_t | x_T) \right)_+$$

context x_t draw independently but not identically

a_t is a ranking

sum macro-level metrics up to t

violations are subject to a cost ϕ

Controllers for Ranking

matrix notation

$$\sum_{t=1}^T u(a_t | x_t) - \phi^T \left(\tau - \sum_{t=1}^T c(a_t | x_t) \right)_+$$

Micro-level Metric (e.g. DCG)

$$u(a_t | x_t) = r_t^\top \Sigma_t u$$

$$W \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n} \quad w_{ij}$$

contribution item j to constraint i

$$\Sigma \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n} \quad \sum_{kj} = 1$$

ranking matrix

$$e \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

linear exposure vector

$$u \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

linear utility vector

$$r \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

relevance vector

$$\sum_{t=1}^T r_t^\top \Sigma_t u - \phi^T \left(\tau - \sum_{t=1}^T W \Sigma_t e \right)_+$$

Macro-level Metric (e.g. exposure)

$$c(a_t | x_t) = W \Sigma_t e$$